THE ANSWER

OF THE

Emperour of GERMANY

TO THE

Letter ſent from the King of Scots, by the Lord WILMOT, for ſupply of Men and Monies againſt *England*.

With the Reſolution of the Chriſtian Princes, Dukes, Marqueſſes, Earles, Lords, Noblemen, and Agents, at the great Meeting at *Regensburgh*; And the King of *Denmark's* Proceedings in reference thereunto.

Alſo, the putting forth of the Dutch Fleet to Sea; the advance and motion of the Engliſh; and 35 ſayl brought into *Yarmouth*, *Alesborough*, and *Harwich*.

Likewiſe, the great and terrible Earth-quake in *Natolia*, the caſting up of great Mountains, the covering and over-whelming of Towns; and the burying of ten thouſand men, women, and children in heaps of Earth.

Licenſed and publiſhed according to Order. Sept. 13

London, printed for *George Horton*, 1653.

THE ANSWER

OF THE

Emperour of GERMANY

TO THE

Letter sent from the King of Sweden, by the Lord WILLIAMOT, for the Ratifying of their

And the Articles of Peace.

Also, the parting Feasts of the Turk, Pope and Sweden:

Likewise, the grim and terrible Massacre

The burying of ten thousand dead Women and children in the Sea of Earth.

THE DECLARATION AND

Resolution of the Emperor of Germany, touching the King of Scots; and the Debates and Proceedings of the Christian Princes, Dukes, Marquesses, Earls, Lords, Noblemen, and Agents, at the great Meeting at Regensburgh: With Their Answer unto His Message, for Supplies against England.

HIs Imperial Majesty the Emperor of Germany having received a message from the King of Scots for a supply of men and money communicated

cated the ſame to the General Aſſembly, conſiſting of the chief Princes, Dukes, Marqueſſes, and Nobles in Europe, who after ſeveral Debates upon the Propoſitions preſented by the Lord Wilmot, returned Anſwer, That no moneyes could be raiſed, for that their preſent condition was ſuch, being brought very low by the late warres, they were not in any capacity to aſſiſt their friends, neither with men and moneyes, the preſent exigency of their own Affairs requiring timely and ſpeedy preventions of future Inſurrections and Commotions; yet ſo far would they condeſcend, That at his own Charges they would give liberty to raiſe a number of men, if deſired.

The like Anſwer is returned by the King of Denmark to the Lord Wentworth; who having repreſented theſe ſad Tydings, by way of Aviſo, to His young Maſter, his Majeſty of France was earneſtly ſolicited to ſupply his great wants and diſtreſſed condition with a conſiderable ſum of money, and other Utenſils of war, &c. But Cardinal Mazarine declared, That it was no wayes feaſible for the Crown of France, to be aiding or aſſiſting him in the leaſt, during their preſent Diſtractions and Commotions; for that it might prove a Deſign very pernicious and deſtructive to the great work

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in hand, by reaſon that the enemy were very potent, and his Majeſtie not in a condition at preſent to fight them. For indeed certain it is, that Conde is chief Maſter of the Field, and that he hath beſieged the famous City and impregnable Gariſon of Rocroy, and that he is likely to carry it, by reaſon that General Turene dareth not give him battel, being far more numerous then the Kings party, and conſiſts chiefly of old forces, bravely reſolved, and well diſciplin'd. And ſeveral Challenges hath his Highneſs ſent to the Kings General, daring him to an Engagement; but refuſing to anſwer him, the ſaid Prince ſent word by a Trumpeter, That ſeeing he would not come out of his Trenches to fight, that before it was long he would ſee him in the Plain of Saint Denis neer Paris, where he doubted not but to be with his Army very ſuddenly, conſiſting of 27 reſolved horſe and foot, no wayes inferiour to the valiant and approved Engliſh Red-coat.

To which Gen: Turene replyed, That it might eaſily be diſcerned, by his high and loſty language, with what people he had lived, and held correſpondence of late dayes. But the Duke of York, ſo called by the Monſieurs, not being ſatisfied herewith, returned this Anſwer, That for the prevention of further effuſion of blood, he deſired that they two might diſpute the Quarrel; but not permitted. A

A Letter from Holland.

SIR,

THe Engliſh fleet, by reaſon of the foul weather, are gone off this Coaſt, and Dewit taking an opportunity thereby, ſailed out of the Texel with ſixty men of War to convoy their Fleet into the Eaſt Countrey, and to endeavor getting home the Eaſt India ſhips, who ſtill remain at Copenhagen. We hear that young Vantrump is before Leghorn with the Bonadventure and ſeven men of War, and that he hath blocked up Mr. Elger an Engliſh Merchant. Since which time; it is adverti-ſed, that divers others are joyned with him, ſo Report makes him 35 ſayl, and that he intends to divide into two Squadrons, the one to ply at Leghorn; the other, up to Barcelona; ſo that keeping in the Trade way it is very difficult for any ſhipping ei-

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ther to paſs up and down the Straights; yet we do not hear of any more then one Engliſh ſhip taken of late, which was purchaſed at a dear rate; for ſhe fought it out to the laſt man, and buried within the curl'd Ocean above 200 men before ſhe was taken.

But our Letters from Malaga the 7 dito adviſe, that the ſhip called the African was ſafely arrived there; notwithſtanding, in her way, ſhe met with a whole ſquadron of the Hollanders, but it pleaſed God ſhe brake through them all, and ſafely arrived at her wiſhed for Harbor, though ſhe received above 100 ſhot in her ſayles and tacklings, and yet not one man either killed or wounded.

Bril. Septemb. 10. 1653.

We have received advertisements, That part of the English Fleet are attending the motion of De-wit, and that the rest are designed upon another excellent Atchievement. Withall, that 35 Prizes are brought into Yarmouth, Alesborough, and Harwich Roads, lusty Vessels, but their loding not so considerable, being for the most part laden with Salt, French wines, Brandies, and some Vinegar, all homeward bound from Nantes and Rochel.

From whence, we hear, that there hath been a very great Earthquake in Natolia, where a Mountain had overwhelmed a whole Town, to the loss of much Treasure, and above ten thousand persons were buried in that heap of Earth, to the great astonishment of many hundreds in those parts.

FINIS.